UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	:
Plaintiff,	: :
v.	: Civil No. 07-CV-11275 (JGK/JCF)
DARRYL A. GOLDSTEIN and CHRISTOPHER L. O'DONNELL,	: : :
Defendants.	· : ,

REPLY MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT CHRISTOPHER L. O'DONNELL'S MOTION TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT

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INTRODUCTION

The SEC's Opposition to Defendant O'Donnell's Motion to Dismiss ("Opposition") relies on broad generalizations and suffers from the same defects as the Complaint. Rather than directly addressing O'Donnell's challenges to the adequacy of the Complaint, including its lack of specific factual allegations and reliance on unreasonable inferences, the SEC argues that the motion is "unsupported" or beyond the scope of a proper motion to dismiss. Opposition at 3-4. In fact, O'Donnell's motion is well grounded and fits within the familiar confines of Rule 12(b)(6).

The SEC incorrectly claims that it need not plead fraud with particularity like any other plaintiff or plead facts demonstrating a "strong inference" of scienter. It therefore invites this Court to relax the pleading requirements and find that, because this case is supposedly in its opening stages, the SEC should be allowed to proceed on the premise that its pleadings reflect the tip of an allegedly fraudulent iceberg.

The SEC is not the typical plaintiff. It should not be allowed deference in this civil enforcement proceeding because it has not yet had the benefits of discovery under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Although the Complaint was filed on December 12, 2007, the SEC has engaged in plenary, one-sided discovery surrounding O'Donnell's conduct for more than four years. See In the Matter of Certain Mutual Fund Trading Practices, Order Directing Private Investigation and Designation of Officers to Take Testimony (Sep. 10, 2003), copy attached as Exh. 1. The SEC's extensive investigation—supported by its subpoena power—included: (1) sworn testimony from numerous witnesses, including O'Donnell, his assistants, and countless other Morgan Stanley personnel, (2) substantial volumes of Morgan Stanley and third party emails and trading records, and (3) documents and recordings from third parties, including

Millennium. Further, the SEC has obtained documents and information from the mutual funds referenced in the Complaint—the alleged victims.

Yet, the SEC's Complaint contains little more than generalized, vague allegations without the basic facts necessary to inform O'Donnell which of his many lawful activities allegedly constituted fraud. Indeed, the inadequacy of the Complaint—following over four years of prelitigation discovery—suggests that the SEC may never be able to meet its burden of pleading an adequate, factual record to support fraud allegations against O'Donnell.

ARGUMENT

I. The SEC Misstates Applicable Pleading Requirements

A. The SEC is required to plead fraud with particularity

Rule 9(b) requires that the SEC, like every plaintiff, plead its fraud claims with particularity. See ATSI Commc'ns, Inc. v. Shaar Fund, Ltd., 493 F.3d 87, 99 (2d Cir. 2007); SEC v. Collins & Aikman Corp., 524 F. Supp. 2d 477, 484 (S.D.N.Y. 2007). The Second Circuit has held that Rule 9(b) "is applied assiduously to securities fraud" as a "strict pleading requirement." Lentell v. Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc., 396 F.3d 161, 168 (2d Cir. 2005) (emphasis added). Indeed, when the SEC argued entitlement to a lesser standard in another case, that court noted "[t]he defendants respond that the SEC's arguments are 'preposterous' and, although the description is a bit overblown, this Court, in essence, concurs." SEC v. Tambone, 417 F. Supp. 2d 127, 131 (D. Mass. 2006).

Further, the cases the SEC relies upon for the proposition that it need only plead generalized facts and may then rely on inferences do not stand for that at all. Instead, they merely state that Rule 9(b) does not require a plaintiff to detail each and every fact underlying its claims. *See* Opposition at 13, (citing *In re Scholastic Corp. Sec. Litig.*, 252 F.3d 63, 72 (2d Cir. 2001); *In re Tower Auto. Sec. Litig.*, 483 F. Supp. 2d 327, 335 (S.D.N.Y. 2007)).

Not requiring every factual detail is very different from allowing a complaint with only general and conclusory allegations to survive. Indeed, the Second Circuit has repeatedly rejected complaints alleging securities fraud where they contain insufficient, unparticularized pleadings. *ATSI Commc'ns, Inc.*, 493 F.3d at 103; *Rombach v. Chang*, 355 F.3d 164, 172 (2d Cir. 2004); *Kramer v. Time Warner Inc.*, 937 F.2d 767, 775 (2d Cir. 1991); *Ouaknine v. MacFarlane*, 897 F.2d 75, 80 (2d Cir. 1990). In *Rombach*, for example, even though the complaint "catalog[ed] a number of [allegedly fraudulent] statements made by" the defendants, the Second Circuit found that it failed to allege fraud with particularity because it failed to "explain[] with adequate specificity how those statements were actually false or misleading." 355 F.3d at 172.

The SEC is not entitled to a relaxed pleading standard for any other reason that courts sometimes allow. Contrary to plaintiff's assertion, this is not a case where "the details of a fraudulent scheme may only be known by the defendants." Opposition 14. Indeed, in *Tambone*, the court explicitly rejected such an argument where, as here, the SEC had undertaken an extensive investigation prior to filing its complaint. 417 F. Supp. 2d at 131. The SEC has not and cannot allege that the factual details here are under O'Donnell's control, nor have they met the applicable standards for pleadings based on "information and belief." *See Wexner v. First Manhattan Co.*, 902 F.2d 169, 172 (2d Cir. 1990). In short, the SEC offers no support for its claimed entitlement to a relaxed pleading standard.

Alternatively, the SEC skirts O'Donnell's challenge, and declares that its Complaint satisfies Rule 9(b) because its claims are "supported by detailed factual allegations, comprehensive charts, and specific examples." Opposition at 1. However, O'Donnell's motion demonstrates that those factual allegations lack specificity and the "examples" cited fail to support the conclusory allegations or a reasonable inference that O'Donnell engaged in other "fraudulent" conduct. See O'Donnell Memorandum, 7-12. In sum, it is not enough for the SEC

to summarily allege "deception" on one or a handful of occasions, and then ask this Court to infer that the story was the same on hundreds of others.

The SEC also invites this Court to uphold the Complaint because other courts have "denied motions to dismiss where similar market-timing schemes" were alleged. Opposition at 7. However, other than the same underlying subject matter, the SEC has offered no reason why the courts' decisions in those four cases should have any bearing on this Court's decision. While *In re Mutual Funds Investment Litigation*, 384 F. Supp. 2d 845, 862 (D. Md. 2005), addressed only private fraud claims, and so is of limited applicability, that court dismissed claims against two of the broker-dealer defendants involved in market timing. *Id.* at 858-60. In upholding the claims against the other broker defendants, that court recognized that those brokers allegedly did more than "merely assist in facilitating... market timing transactions" and instead "participated in *initiating, instigating, and orchestrating* the [market timing] scheme." *Id.* at 862. (emphasis added). The line between basic brokerage services, *e.g.*, order entry, and substantive participation in a fraudulent scheme is thus a significant one.

Aside from the general allegation that O'Donnell "advised [his customer] on how to make deceptive market-timing trades," Compl. ¶ 3, the SEC does not make a single allegation that O'Donnell ever instructed or advised Millennium in any way on whether or how to open any accounts or trade, for example. Despite exhaustive investigation, the SEC cannot point to a single e-mail, telephone call, instant message, facsimile or other communication from O'Donnell instructing Millennium on what to do or how to do it. Ultimately, the only attempt made in the Complaint related to any advice provided to Millennium at all is the previously discredited reference in Compl. ¶ 51 to one e-mail sent by O'Donnell's assistant. The SEC still does not

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¹ Interestingly, in two of the four cases, complaints were dismissed against certain brokers. See, e.g., In re Mutual Funds Investment Litigation, 384 F. Supp. 2d 845, 862 (D. Md. 2005); SEC v. Druffner et al, No. 1:03-cv-12154-

explain why that alleged statement should be attributed to O'Donnell or how it is evidence of fraud or decption. See O'Donnell Memorandum at 11. By its failure to respond, the SEC has abandoned the Complaint's claims with respect to that e-mail, and leaves nothing in its place.

B. The SEC is bound by the Second Circuit's strong inference standard

The SEC's assertion that it need not plead a "strong inference" of scienter, see Opposition 16-18 & nn.4-6, is contrary to Second Circuit case law. The strong inference requirement for pleading scienter . . . applies to all actions brought in [the Second] Circuit that are governed by Rule 9(b)." Collins & Aikman Corp., 524 F. Supp. 2d at 487.

Further, the Second Circuit has held that the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA"), 15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(b)(2), codified the same "strong inference" standard that it applies under Rule 9(b). Novak v Kasaks, 216 F.3d 300, 311 (2d Cir. 2000).

Thus, when the Supreme Court interpreted the meaning of "strong inference" in *Tellabs*. Inc. v. Makor Issues & Rights, Ltd., 127 S. Ct. 2499, 2504-2505 (2007), it necessarily provided a highly relevant and instructive, if not strictly binding, interpretation of that phrase under the Second Circuit's Rule 9(b) standard. Although the Second Circuit has not ruled on the issue in the few months since Tellabs was decided, other courts have unsurprisingly applied the "strong inference" standard articulated in Tellabs to fraud actions brought by the SEC. See SEC v. Goldsworthy, No. 06-10012-JGD, 2007 WL 4730345, at *15 (D. Mass. Dec. 4, 2007); SEC v. Boling, No. 06-1329 (RMC), 2007 WL 2059744, at *6 (D.D.C. Jul. 13, 2007).

NMG (D. Mass. Jun. 14, 2004) (oral order dismissing the SEC's first complaint for failure to plead with particularity required by Rule 9(b)). An except of the docket sheet reflecting the dismissal is attached as Exh. 2.

² Despite this broad assertion, and perhaps in recognition of its weakness, the SEC ultimately concedes that it "need only set forth specific facts that give rise to a reasonable and strong inference of O'Donnell's fraudulent behavior." Opposition 24-25 (emphasis added).

³ Contrary to the SEC's implication, Opposition at 16-18 & n. 4, O'Donnell does not suggest that the PSLRA itself applies to the SEC. Instead, O'Donnell's position is that "even though the PSLRA does not apply to actions brought by the SEC, the SEC is subject to Rule 9(b) and must therefore plead a 'strong inference' of scienter." SEC v. Collins & Aikman Corp., 524 F. Supp. 2d 477, 487-88 (S.D.N.Y. 2007).

The SEC's separate assertion that its governmental status should somehow alter this analysis to allow for a lower pleading standard, Opposition 18 & n.5, is unprecedented. The Opposition does not contain a single case to support the proposition that the *Tellabs* interpretation of "strong inference" does not apply to the SEC in this case. There is all the more reason to apply the "strong inference" standard where the plaintiff is a federal agency with subpoena power that has pursued over four years of pre-litigation discovery.

The Opposition also does not cure the Complaint's failure to allege that O'Donnell had a financial motive to engage in fraudulent trading. Although the SEC alleges that O'Donnell "earned approximately \$390,677 from placing market-timing trades for Millennium," Compl. ¶ 62, the Complaint has not alleged any link between the asset-based fees O'Donnell received as a result of his relationship with Millennium and the volume of Millennium's trades. In fact, the SEC has not alleged that O'Donnell had any incentive to increase trading volume.

This is in sharp contrast to the numerous cases, some of which were cited by the SEC, Opposition at 20-21 & n.8, where brokers received commissions (or investment banks received fees) that are part and parcel of the allegedly fraudulent transactions themselves. Here, because the SEC has not alleged any link between O'Donnell's compensation and the allegedly fraudulent trades, it has not alleged any particularized financial motive for O'Donnell to engage in the fraud. *See Kalnit v. Eichler*, 264 F.3d 131, 139 (2nd Cir. 2001).

II. The SEC Has Not Addressed The Complaint's Insufficiencies

A. Plaintiff's criticism of O'Donnell's attack on the factual adequacy of the Complaint is without merit

The SEC persists in its "kitchen-sink" approach that sheer numbers are enough to support a fraud claim. Millennium may have engaged in a fair amount of trading and O'Donnell may

have used as many as three FA numbers, but there is nothing inherently fraudulent or even abnormal about such activity.

As for the Complaint's lack of particularity, the SEC's response is mere repetition. Yet, regardless of how many times they are repeated, the SEC's generalized allegations do not pass muster. Repeated recitation of a laundry list of generalized allegations does not make them any more specific. See Rombach, 355 F.3d at 172. Further, the SEC side-steps the defects detailed in the memorandum supporting O'Donnell's motion, including that the alleged number of problematic trades is grossly inflated and that the SEC's inferences are contradicted by their own Complaint.

O'Donnell's challenges are not beyond the scope of a Rule 12(b)(6) motion. Opposition at 3-4. In fact, it is well-settled that this Court, in testing the sufficiency of a fraud complaint, need only credit reasonable inferences (*In re NYSE Specialists Securities Litig.*, 503 F.3d 89, 95 (2d Cir. 2007)), is not bound to accept contradictory allegations, O'Donnell Memorandum at 8 (citing *In re IAC/InterActiveCorp Sec. Litig.*, 478 F. Supp. 2d 574, 585 (S.D.N.Y. 2007)), and may consider facts integral to the Complaint or in plaintiff's possession upon which it has relied, O'Donnell Memorandum at 16 n.12 (citing *In re Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.*, 273 F. Supp. 2d 351, 356-57 (S.D.N.Y. 2003)).

B. The SEC overstates the significance of mutual fund communications

The SEC attempts to attach significance to the number of communications O'Donnell allegedly received from mutual fund companies that it refers to as "block notices." In its Opposition, the SEC increases reliance on the negative inferences it requires the Court to draw from the 94 such communications. Compl. ¶ 59; Opposition at 12 and 24. In addition to the problems previously identified, O'Donnell Memorandum at 7-8, 17-18, the SEC's Opposition presents another significant problem. The SEC attempts to collapse all of the mutual fund

families that Millennium traded with into one homogenous entity simply known collectively as "the mutual funds." Yet, each mutual fund is a distinct legal entity with its own trading tolerances, policies and procedures. It is patently unreasonable to imply that communication from one provided any guidance concerning the tolerances, policies or practices of another. Thus, there is no basis for the SEC's attempted reliance on the "cumulative impact" of all such communications.

C. Plaintiff has alleged nothing improper about Millenium's trading in variable annuities

The Complaint alleges that O'Donnell purchased variable annuities "[i]n an effort to further disguise [his client's] market-timing activities." Compl. ¶ 57. Aside from the fact that all of Millennium's trades were unsolicited, this allegation fails to (a) identify which contracts are allegedly "deceptive," (b) articulate why they are "deceptive," or (c) explain how O'Donnell is allegedly responsible for any such deception. *Cf.* O'Donnell Memorandum at 14. Rather than address these factual inadequacies, the SEC merely repeats its hollow refrain that Millennium supposedly "did not need or want life insurance, nor was it interested in tax-deferred investing or retirement planning benefits." Opposition at 24. Yet, the SEC has never alleged—much less offered any support for—why these are the only permissible uses for variable annuities and why all others are *per se* fraudulent. For example, the SEC has never alleged any facts to support its claim that Millennium, unlike countless other employers, would have no interest in providing retirement benefits to its employees.

D. The SEC has not alleged any affirmative misrepresentation by O'Donnell

The Complaint does not allege a single affirmative misrepresentation or actionable omission by O'Donnell to a mutual fund. O'Donnell Memorandum at 4. The SEC simply ducks this challenge. *See* Opposition at 15.

Rather than plead the facts related to one or more direct, affirmative misrepresentations, for example, in an e-mail, a telephone call, a facsimile, or some other communication, the SEC theorizes that O'Donnell "made false and misleading statements to mutual fund companies in the account opening process," Opposition 8 (citing to Compl. ¶1, 3, & 4), and "concerning his use of multiple accounts and FA identification numbers—when executing trades for Millennium." Opposition 7-8.

These general accusations cannot withstand scrutiny. See O'Donnell Memorandum at 5-12. Further, the SEC has not explained how internal Morgan Stanley account opening documents could be construed as "statements" to a mutual fund company. There is no allegation that these documents were ever intended to be, or actually were, shared with any mutual fund company. The mere opening of accounts at Morgan Stanley cannot, without more, be a "statement" to a mutual fund company.

In sum, absence of any particularized factual allegations, especially given the extensive factual record the SEC has already developed, precludes this Court from drawing the inference of deception necessary to salvage the Complaint. See O'Donnell Memorandum at 7-8.4

⁴ Indeed, it is dissapointing that the SEC feigns ignorance as to highly relevant facts that contradict its fraud allegations. O'Donnell continues to press this motion under Rule 12(b)(6) and not, as the SEC suggests, under Rule 56. Further, and in light of the SEC's extensive investigation, O'Donnell requests that the Court dismiss this case with prejudice and not grant the SEC leave to amend its complaint. But if the Court were to give the SEC an opportunity to replead, the SEC should be required to plead a complaint that is consistent with the facts developed in the lengthy investigation.

For example, the SEC has obtained sworn testimony from O'Donnell, his assistants, and countless other Morgan Stanley personnel, including his former Branch manager and direct supervisor at the time, Salvatore Samperi. (Mr. Samperi possess an MBA in Finance from New York University, and entered the brokerage business after a distinguished 30 year career with the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey Police Department, retiring from the rank of Deputy Director in 1995. See Samperi Testimony 12:15-14:12 (Exh. 4E).) Yet, none one of these key witnesses testified that O'Donnell ever provided untruthful information to a mutual fund company.

To the contrary, O'Donnell and Mr. Samperi, testified that they personally (1) obtained approval for Millennium's trading from senior Morgan Stanley compliance, operations, and senior management (see, e.g., O'Donnell Testimony 27:22-28:17, 64:25-65:13, 166:21-167:22 (Exh. 3A); Samperi Testimony 149:21-150:7, 204:21-204:25, 206:11-208:21, 214:5-217:3, 257:5-258:12 (Exh. 4A)); (2) discussed Millennium's trading with mutual fund employees in order to understand and comply with market-timing rules (see, e.g., O'Donnell Testimony 137:23-142:1, 122:13-123:2 (Exh. 3B); Samperi Testimony, 85:19-86:21, 121:20-122:8, 142:11-143:3 (Exh. 4B)); and (3) discussed

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, and for the reasons articulated our opening memorandum, the Complaint should be dismissed in its entirety as to Mr. O'Donnell with prejudice.

Dated: April 24, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

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Millennium's variable annuities trading with Morgan Stanley and insurance company employees (see, e.g., O'Donnell Testimony, 163:24-166:19 (Exh. 3C); Samperi Testimony, 190:4-192:20 (Exh. 4C)). In addition, Millennium's accounts were all internally linked, (see O'Donnell Testimony 83:7-85:1 (Exh. 3D)), thus allowing Morgan Stanley personnel to easily identify them as related. Indeed, mutual funds had no trouble identifying O'Donnell or his client's trading and were able to stop any activities they chose (see Samperi Testimony, 129:20-135:12; 143:16-145:21 (Exh. 4D)).

Further, Samperi's testimony on these matters is supported by his detailed, contemporaneous notes. Copies of relevant handwritten notes are included in Exh. 5. (As an aid to the Court, we attach as Exh. 6 a typed transcription of those notes prepared by a Mayer Brown LLP employee.)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 24th day of April 2008, a true and complete copy of the foregoing Reply Memorandum in Support of Defendant Christopher L. O'Donnell's Motion to Dismiss the Complaint was served by ECF to counsel of record and by first-class mail, postage pre-paid on the following:

Christopher R. Conte, Esquire Mark J. Kreitman, Esquire U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549

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Exhibit 1

NON-PUBLIC

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION September 10, 2003

In the Matter of Certain Mutual Fund Trading Practices

(NY-7220)

ORDER DIRECTING PRIVATE **INVESTIGATION AND DESIGNATING OFFICERS TO** TAKE TESTIMONY

I.

Members of the staff have reported information to the Commission that tends to show that, during the period from at least July 1998 to the present:

- Certain persons or entities, including investment companies, investment advisers, A. broker-dealers, and persons associated therewith, may have engaged in, or aided and abetted others to engage in, certain practices in connection with the trading of mutual fund shares in violation of the federal securities laws. These practices include (a) enabling or permitting preferred customers to engage in "late trading," that is, place orders to buy or sell mutual fund shares after 4:00 p.m. but receive a price based on the net asset value ("NAV") previously determined by the fund at 4:00 p.m.; (b) enabling or permitting preferred customers to engage in "market timing," that is, the short term buying and selling of mutual fund shares in order to exploit inefficiencies in fund pricing; (c) enabling or permitting preferred customers to sell short, in effect, mutual fund shares by disclosing material nonpublic information concerning the composition of mutual fund portfolios; and (d) improperly creating or destroying required records of instructions relating to the purchase or sale of mutual fund shares.
- Certain persons or entities may have, in the offer or sale, or in connection with the B. purchase or sale, of securities, directly or indirectly:
 - employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud; (1)
 - obtained money or property by means of, or otherwise may have made, (2) untrue statements of material fact, or omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or

engaged in transactions, acts, practices, or courses of business which have (3) operated as a fraud or deceit upon purchasers of securities or upon other persons.

In connection with the foregoing activities, such persons or entities may have, directly or indirectly, among other things, made false or misleading statements of material fact and/or failed to disclose material facts about the NAV that was the basis of the price at which mutual fund shares would be bought and redeemed and about the mutual funds' policies and procedures to prevent the adverse effects of market timers. Furthermore, certain persons or entities may have bought or sold securities on the basis of material, nonpublic information concerning mutual fund portfolios obtained in breach of a fiduciary or other duty not to disclose the information.

- Certain persons or entities, while acting as investment advisers or as associated C. persons of investment advisers, may have, directly or indirectly:
 - employed or may be employing devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud 1. clients or prospective clients; or
 - 2. engaged or may be engaging in transactions, practices, or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon clients or prospective clients.

In connection with the foregoing activities, such persons or entities may have permitted customers to engage in late trading and market timing in breach of their fiduciary duties and in contravention of certain funds' policies, procedures, and public disclosures.

- Certain persons or entities, while acting as brokers or dealers, may have effected, or induced or attempted to induce, the purchase or sale of securities otherwise than on a national securities exchange of which such broker or dealer is a member by means of manipulative, deceptive, or other fraudulent devices or contrivances.
- Certain persons or entities, while acting as registered investment advisers, brokers E. or dealers, or persons associated therewith, may have failed to establish, maintain, and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent the misuse of material, nonpublic information by such investment advisers or brokers or dealers or persons associated therewith.
- Certain registered investment companies issuing redeemable securities, persons F. designated as authorized in the prospectuses of such registered investment companies to consummate transactions in such securities, principal underwriters of, and dealers in, such securities, and other persons and/or entities, may have sold, redeemed or repurchased such securities at a price other than based on the current net asset value of such securities next computed after receipt of tender of such securities for redemption or of an order to purchase or sell such securities. In connection with the foregoing activities, such entities and others may have permitted customers or aided and abetted others to engage in late trading.

- G. Certain affiliated persons of, or principal underwriters for, registered investment companies, or affiliated persons of such person or principal underwriter, acting as principal, may have effected transactions in which such registered investment company is a joint or a joint and several participant with such person, principal underwriter, or affiliated person, in contravention of rules prescribed by the Commission.
- H. Certain affiliated persons of, or principal underwriters for, registered investment companies, or affiliated persons of an investment adviser of, or principal underwriter for, a registered investment company, may have engaged in acts, practices, or courses of business in connection with the purchase or sale, directly or indirectly, by such person of any security held or to be acquired by such registered investment company in contravention of rules adopted by the Commission to define and prescribe means reasonably necessary to prevent, such acts, practices, or courses of business as are fraudulent, deceptive or manipulative.
- I. Certain persons may have willfully destroyed, mutilated, or altered accounts, books, or other documents required to be preserved by registered investment companies.
- J. Certain persons may have made untrue statements of a material fact or omitted to state facts necessary in order to prevent the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, from being materially misleading in registration statements, applications, reports, accounts, records, or other document filed with the Commission or the keeping of which is required by registered investment companies.
- K. Certain persons serving or acting as officers, directors, members of any advisory board, investment advisers, principal underwriters, or depositors to registered investment companies may have engaged, or may be about to engage, in acts or practices constituting a breach of fiduciary duty involving personal misconduct with respect to such investment companies.
- L. Certain registered brokers or dealers, investment advisers, or persons associated therewith, may have failed reasonably to supervise, with a view to preventing violations of the provisions of the federal securities statutes, rules, and regulations, another person subject to their supervision who committed such a violation.
- M. Certain registered brokers or dealers, investment advisers, or investment companies may have failed to make and keep and preserve books and records as the Commission prescribes as necessary.
- N. While engaged in the conduct described in paragraphs I.A through I.M above, such persons and entities, directly or indirectly, made use of the means or instruments of transportation or communication in, or the instrumentalities of, interstate commerce, or of the mails.

II.

The Commission, having considered the staff's report and deeming such acts, transactions, practices, transactions, and courses of business, if true, to be possible violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), Sections 10(b), 15(c)(1)(A), 15(f) and 17(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), and Rules 10b-5, 17a-3 and 17a-4 thereunder, Sections 204, 204A, 206(1) and 206(2) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act"), and Rule 204-2 thereunder, and Sections 17(d), 17(j), 31(a), 34(a) and 34(b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Investment Company Act"), and Rules 17d-1, 17j-1, 22c-1, 31a-1, 31a-2 and 31a-3 thereunder, and possible breaches of fiduciary duty involving personal misconduct under Section 36(a) of the Investment Company Act, and possible failures to supervise under Section 15(b) of the Exchange Act and Section 203(e) of the Advisers Act, finds it necessary and appropriate and hereby:

ORDERS, pursuant to the provisions of Section 20(a) of the Securities Act, Section 21(a) of the Exchange Act, Section 42(a) of the Investment Company Act, and Section 209(a) of the Advisers Act, that a private investigation be conducted to determine whether the aforesaid persons, or any other persons or entities, have engaged, are engaging, or are about to engage in any of the aforesaid acts, practices, transactions, or courses of business, or in any act, practice, transaction, or course of business of similar purport or object; and

FURTHER ORDERS, pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(c) of the Securities Act, Section 21(b) of the Exchange Act, Section 42(b) of the Investment Company Act and Section 209(b) of the Advisers Act, that for purposes of such investigation, Wayne M. Carlin, Edwin H. Nordlinger, Mark K. Schonfeld, Kay L. Lackey, Gerald A. Gross, James C. Gange, Justin W. Arnold, Craig Carpenito, William Finkel, Mona S. Akhtar, Peter A. Pizzani, Jr., John J. Graubard, Sheldon Mui, Elizabeth S. Goldman, Anthony T. Byrne, Daphna Abrams, Daniel Goldfried, Paul G. Gizzi, Carolyn L. Hiller, Jonathan A. Roberts, Bennett Ellenbogen, Shannon A. Keyes, Gerald Russello, James Farrell, Douglas Scarff, Joseph P. DiMaria, William J. Delmage, Raymond J. Slezak, Thomas C. Verderber, Kenneth O'Connor, Martin Towey, Robert A. Sollazzo, Linda A. Lettieri Steven C. Vitulano, Ronald R. Krietzman, Doreen Rucci, Grzegorz A. Steckiewicz, Richard Needham, Juan Marcel Marcelino, David Bergers, Madeleine McGrath Blake, John Dugan, Martin Healey, Stuart Feldman, Bradford Ali, Risa King, Sandra Bailey, Beth Lehman, Jai K. Chandrasekhar, Corliss Primavera, Arthur Gabinet, Merri Jo Gillette, David Horowitz, Eustace Francis, Elizabeth Parker, Joy Thompson, William Meck, Mark Dowdell, Frank Thomas, Harold F. Degenhardt, Spencer C. Barasch, Jeff Cohen, Doug Gordimer, Joann Harris, Tom Keltner, David King, Jason Rose, Alan Buie, Robert Long, Adan Araujo, Carol Lowen, Mary E. Keefe, Robert J. Burson, Jane E. Jarcho, Paul A. Montoya, Kara M. Washington, David M. Cole, Carolann Gemski, David M. Dimitri, James A. Davidson, John J. Sikora, Kristen A. Harris, Peter B. Driscoll, Tracy W. Lo, Asheesh Goel, Kent W. McAllister, Jerome P. Tomas, Junaid A. Zubairi, Richard N. Rodelli, Scott J. Hlavacek, Francis J. Cuba, Donald A. Ryba, Evelyn T. Kendra, Luz M. Aguilar, R. Kevin Barrett, Jean M. Javorski, Delia L. Helpingstine, John E. Kustusch, Randall Fons, Donald M. Hoerl, Amy J. Norwood, Jeffrey Lyons, Dale Coffin, Martha Fulford, Helane Morrison, Marc Fagel, Pauline Calande, Ivan Harris, Gary Klein, Christine Lynch, Edward McCutcheon, Randall Lee, Sandra Harris, Michele Layne, Lisa Gok, Kelly Bowers, Diana Tani, Lorraine Echavarria, Andrew Petillon, David Van

Havermaat, Martin Murphy, Victoria Levin, Finola Manvelian, Spencer Bendell, Marshall Sprung, Leslie Hakala, Janet Moser, Cindy Eson, Keri Axel, Jorge DeNeve, Catherine Whiting, Gina Saviola, Janet Moser, Cindy Wong, Michelle Royston, Gilroy Thomas, Mark Tseng, Eric Barker, Jonathan Ngo, Paula Weiser, Michael Levitt, Kevin Goodman, Charles Liao, Kent Ngo, and Harley Nelson be, and each of them hereby are, designated officers of the Commission and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, contracts, agreements, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith as prescribed by law.

By the Commission.

Jonathan G. Katz Secretary

By: Jill M. Peterson

Assistant Secretary

Exhibit 2

United States District Court District of Massachusetts (Boston) CIVIL DOCKET FOR CASE #: 1:03-cv-12154-NMG

Securities and Exchange Commission v. Druffner et al

Assigned to: Judge Nathaniel M. Gorton Case in other court: First Circuit, 07-02532 Cause: 15:78m(a) Securities Exchange Act

Date Filed: 11/04/2003 Jury Demand: Both

Nature of Suit: 850 Securities/Commodities Jurisdiction: U.S. Government Plaintiff

Plaintiff

Securities and Exchange Commission

represented by **Beth Lehman**

Securities and Exchange Commission - MA 33 Arch Street 23rd Floor Boston, MA 02110-1424 617-573-8967 Fax: 617-424-5940 Email: lehmanb@sec.gov LEAD ATTORNEY ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

Franklin C. Huntington, IV

Securities and Exchange Commission 33 Arch Street 23rd Floor Boston, MA 02110 617-573-8960 Fax: 617-573-4590 Email: huntingtonf@sec.gov TERMINATED: 05/23/2007 LEAD ATTORNEY ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

Jeffrey T. Infelise

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission 190 F Street NE Washington, DC 20549-4010 202-551-4904 Fax: 202-772-9362 Email: infelisej@sec.gov LEAD ATTORNEY ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

R. Daniel O'Connor

Securities and Exchange Commission - MA 33 Arch Street 23rd Floor Boston, MA 02110-1424 617-573-8979 Fax: 617-573-4590

WILCT - USD	Wrassaem	rsorts 12/lension ESK-59P.2018 perps/200/lied 04/24/2000 1 age 5 of 5 Page 9 of 1
06/08/2004	40	MOTION of Defendant Robert E. Shannon for Leave to File Reply to Opposition to Motion to Dismiss by Robert E. Shannon. (Attachments: # 1 Exhibit A, 1-3 NOT SCANNED)(Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/09/2004)
06/10/2004	41	NOTICE of Appearance by Sarah E. Walters, Robert L. Ullmann on behalf of John S. Peffer (Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/14/2004)
06/10/2004	42	Defendant Marc J. Bilotti's MOTION for Leave to File Reply to Opposition to Motion to Dismiss by Marc J. Bilotti.(Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/14/2004)
06/14/2004		Electronic Clerk's Notes for proceedings held before Judge Reginald C. Lindsay: Motion Hearing held on 6/14/2004 re 19 MOTION to Dismiss filed by John S. Peffer, 20 MOTION to Dismiss filed by Martin J. Druffner, Skifter Ajro, 14 MOTION to Dismiss filed by Marc J. Bilotti, 16 MOTION to Dismiss filed by Robert E. Shannon, 23 MOTION for Judgment on the Pleadings filed by Justin F. Ficken. Each motion was granted with leave given to the S.E.C. to re-plead within 30 days. (Court Reporter D. Joyce.) (RCL, law3) (Entered: 06/14/2004)
06/14/2004		Judge Reginald C. Lindsay: Electronic ORDER entered granting 40 MOTION of Defendant Robert E. Shannon for Leave to File Reply to Opposition to Motion to Dismiss, 42 Motion of Defendant Bilotti for Leave to File Reply to Opposition to Motion to Dismiss, 14 Motion to Dismiss by Defendant Bilotti, 16 Motion to Dismiss by Defendant Shannon 19 Motion to Dismiss by Defendant Peffer, 20 Motion to Dismiss by Defendants Druffner, Ajro, 23 Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings by Defendant Ficken. The S.E.C. has failed to comply with the requirements of Rule 9(b). The motions are granted with leave given to the S.E.C. to re-plead within 30 days. (RCL, law3) (Entered: 06/14/2004)
06/15/2004	<u>43</u>	Defendant Robert E. Shannon's Reply Memorandum of Law in Further Support of Motion to Dismiss filed by Robert E. Shannon. (Attachments: # 1 Exhibit 1-3 NOT SCANNED)(Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/15/2004)
06/15/2004	44	REPLY Memorandum in Support of Defendant Marc J. Bilotti's Motion to Dismiss filed by Marc J. Bilotti. (Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/15/2004)
06/24/2004	45	TRANSCRIPT of Hearing held on June 14, 2004 before Judge Lindsay. Court Reporter: Debra M. Joyce. The original transcripts are maintained in the case file in the Clerk's Office. Copies may be obtained by contacting the court reporter at 617/737-4410 or the Clerk's Office. (Scalfani, Deborah) (Entered: 06/24/2004)
06/24/2004	46	Notice of Reassignment. Judge Nathaniel M. Gorton added. Judge Reginald C. Lindsay no longer assigned to case. Counsel are directed to the Court's Standing Orders re: Electronic Case Filing. (Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/28/2004)
06/25/2004		Judge Reginald C. Lindsay: ORDER SEALED entered re 32 SEALED MOTION (Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/25/2004)
06/28/2004		Judge Reginald C. Lindsay: SEALED ORDER entered amending SEALED ORDER re 32 SEALED MOTION(RCL, law3) (Entered: 06/28/2004)
06/28/2004	47	Letter- regarding the Amended Complaint from Frank C. Huntington. (Stanhope, Don) (Entered: 06/30/2004)
07/14/2004	48	AMENDED COMPLAINT against Skifter Ajro, Marc J. Bilotti, Martin J. Druffner, Justin F. Ficken, John S. Peffer, Robert E. Shannon, filed by Securities and Exchange Commission. (Attachments: # 1 # 2 # 3)(Nicewicz, Craig) (Entered: 07/16/2004)
07/20/2004	49	STIPULATION To Extend Time for Defendants to Respond to Amended Complaint by

Exhibit 3

1	UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
2	
3	In the Matter of:)
4) File No. HO-10027-A
5	MORGAN STANLEY)
6	WITNESS: Christopher O'Donnell
7	PAGES: 1 through 226
8	PLACE: U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
9	100 F Street, N.E.
10	Suite 1590, Room 8
11	Washington, D.C. 20549
12	DATE: Thursday, August 18, 2005
13	
14	The above-entitled matter came on for hearing, pursuant
15	
	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
16	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
16 17	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
17	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
17 18	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
17 18 19	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
17 18 19 20	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
17 18 19 20 21	to notice, at 10:05 a.m.
17 18 19 20 21 22	Diversified Reporting Services, Inc.

Exhibit 3A

- phone call in March of '02?
- 2 A Yes.
- 3 Q When was the first time you guys met?
- 4 A I'd say probably not that far thereafter.
- 5 Probably, you know, it was within the next two weeks.
- 6 Q Was that meeting at your offices?
- 7 A No. We actually met at the New York Athletic Club.
- 8 Q And who was present at that meeting?
- 9 A Just Scott Murray, myself, and Jay Doolan.
- 10 Q And what was explained at that meeting?
- 11 A Just that, you know, they were Millennium, and that
- they were willing to do business with us. And they wanted to
- know if we were going to be able to trade international
- 14 funds.
- 15 Q Any other questions besides just trade
- 16 international funds?
- 17 A Not that I recall.
- 18 Q And were you able to answer them right at that
- 19 meeting?
- 20 A No.
- 21 Q What did you have to check?
- 22 A We had to check -- we still hadn't gotten full
- approval to do this at our firm yet, so we were waiting for
- all that to come through.
- Q Who did you have to get approval from?

1 A We had to get approval from the compliance side and 2 the sales side. 3 Who was it in the compliance side that you were 4 dealing with? 5 A Bob Palleschi. Who was it in the sales side that you were dealing 6 7 with? Pretty much everybody. 8 Α 9 Who was --0 10 Α Okay. Well, Sal Samperi was my manager, Jim 11 Gunther was the complex manager, Bill McMahon was the 12 regional manager, Jeff Standard was his assistant, and Bruce 13 Alonzo, who ran sales. So before you took Millennium on, you had 14 15 conversations with all of these people? 16 A Either I had the conversations or Sal had the 17 conversations. 18 So can you tell me what did you explain to them as 19 to what Millennium was looking to do? 20 MS. BRUNE: Why don't you start with Palleschi first, and then each of the others. 21 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. Should I start with Curry 23 first? 24 MS. BRUNE: Can I interrupt? I think it's a little 25 out of order, because they had already sought approval to do

- 2 have gone to Bruce Alonzo to find out if that was okay?
- 3 A No. He probably wouldn't have gone to -- if it was
- 4 an institutional account, it would have gone at least to Bill
- 5 McMahon.
- 6 Q Just because they wanted to employ quantitative
- 7 strategy?
- 8 A That's how far that you had to -- to open up an
- 9 institutional account, you had to get approval from the
- 10 region.
- 11 Q Well, now you're telling me that, basically, to
- open any institutional account, independent of the strategy
- they're going to employ, you had to go that far. Is that
- what you're saying?
- 15 A Yeah, I just did say that.
- MS. BEATTIE: He said that when you were out of the
- 17 room.
- 18 THE WITNESS: Yeah.
- 19 BY MR. FIELDER:
- Q Okay. I'm asking you what it was about a market
- 21 timing strategy that required it to go all the way to Bruce
- 22 Alonzo for approval.
- 23 A I don't know.
- 24 BY MR. VAN METER:
- 25 Q You had this second meeting with Millennium, and

- 1 you had to go back to get clearance from Morgan Stanley.
- 2 Talk to me about how it went up the flagpole in relation to
- 3 Millennium.
- 4 A I mean, it would have been a similar thing. I came
- back, talked to Sal, said, "Okay, we have another account
- 6 that's looking to do this." "Who are they?" "Millennium
- 7 Partners." And, you know, then we would -- you know, I'd
- 8 call Bob Palleschi, and then we'd go -- and we would have the
- 9 same dialogue that we had previously, and then I would go --
- 10 now, at this time, it isn't -- you know, once it's now been
- approved that they're going to allow us to do this, these
- accounts didn't have to go to Bruce Alonzo to be signed off
- on. They only had to go to Bill McMahon now to be approved.
- 14 Q Even for the very first Millennium account, did
- 15 that have --
- 16 A Every account had to go -- I'm sorry.
- 17 Q The very first Millennium account, did that go to
- 18 Bruce Alonzo?
- 19 A I don't know. I don't know the answer to that for
- 20 sure. I don't know the answer to that for sure.
- 21 Q Was there any other further explanations given as
- to what Millennium would be doing? Or did anyone ask on the
- 23 way up the flagpole if Millennium would be doing anything
- 24 different from Tower Research, or anything we're not --
- 25 A No. We told them we were going to basically do the

- 1 allowed 10 round trips a year or something like that. So,
- 2 you know, as long as you abided by that rule, then, you know
- 3 --
- 4 Q So Millennium bought this VA. At some point, Sal
- 5 contacted Brian Keneely.
- A No, no. Brian Keneely used to come into our office
- 7 all the time.
- 8 Q Okay. Brian Keneely at some point said, "Yeah, we
- 9 know that Millennium is in this VA. We don't have any
- 10 problems with it."
- 11 A Well, before we opened the account, we got it all
- 12 approved. Before we did anything in regard to anything, we
- made sure we told everybody everything. When I tell you
- 14 that, I can't stress that enough. I mean, I really want you
- 15 to understand that when I walk out the door here. We didn't
- 16 do anything without everybody knowing exactly what we were
- 17 doing. Okay?
- 18 Q When you say "we" got it approved --
- 19 A Sal and I.
- 20 Q Okay. And Sal and you talked to --
- 21 A Before we did any insurance business -- I mean,
- 22 keep in mind I said to you earlier that I didn't -- my
- insurance license lapsed when I moved to New York, so I
- 24 didn't have an insurance license. So I went out and took the
- exam and took this to do this.

1	Now, I didn't do that until we had been through
2	every level with the firm, once again. Bob Palleschi, you
3	know, Tony Naccarelli, Bill McMahon, Jeff Standard, Bruce
4	Alonzo. Again, had to go through that whole thing and get it
5	approved all again, because now this was a different product.
6	Am I boring you? I'm sorry.
7	Q No, no. So you and Sal talked to this Brian
8	Keneely.
9	A Right.
10	Q And you told him what did you tell him?
11	A "We're going to do some market timing."
12	Q And he said okay, so long as you met certain
13	criteria.
14	A Right.
15	Q And what were those criteria?
16	A The criteria was, again, you know, following the
17	rules of those mutual funds. You know, how many times you
18	could you know, I think that, actually, annuities versus -
19	- so like if you went into the Allstate I'm just going to
20	if you went into the Allstate, I think in the prospectus
21	of Allstate versus even the mutual fund itself said you were
22	allowed 12 round trips in the annuity product.
23	Q Allstate said you were allowed 12 round trips.
24	A Yeah. I'm highly certain. I'm not positive. I'm

4/22/2008 12:20 PM 167

pretty sure that it made that statement, yeah.

25

Exhibit 3B

1	A	Right.
2	Q	Were there any calls that were original? You know,
3	first req	uests not to trade?
4	A	No, not that I remember.
5	Q	What was the response from Sal when these stop
6	letters w	rould come in?
7	А	Call the mutual fund and see what they think.
8	Q	Was there any other response other than call the
9	mutual fu	nd and find out what this is about?
10	A	No. It started there.
11	Q	Was there any time period where the letters
12	increased	in frequency?
13	A	Not that I remember. I don't remember.
14	Q	You're saying, you know, they started like May of
15	2002? Wa	s there any time, you know, later in 2002 or 2003
16	where you	recall getting, you know, maybe like more than one
17	of these	a day or anything like that?
18	А	I don't remember.
19	Q	As these block letters came in, would they ask for
20	a specifi	c account to stop trading?
21	А	Not always. It could be the branch, it could be
22	me, or it	could be the account

you know, there's 30 or 40 accounts that are all Millennium?

23

24

25

A

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Did you ever tell these mutual fund companies that,

Sure. I mean, certainly, the mutual fund companies

137

1	knew that.
2	Q You called and you told them?
3	A The wholesalers would know that.
4	Q Which wholesalers did you tell that to?
5	A MFS knew that. ING knew that.
6	Q Anyone else?
7	A AIM knew that.
8	Q Who at MFS did you say that to?
9	A I don't remember his name. John Scully, I think
10	was his name.
11	Q Who at ING did you say that to?
12	MS. BRUNE: Wait. You're asking a question that is
13	not accurate. He's saying who knew it. And then your
14	question was who did you say it to. But I'm thinking that
15	not all the conversations with the mutual funds were between
16	Mr. O'Donnell personally.
17	BY MR. VAN METER:
18	Q Okay. Who from Morgan let's say either
19	yourself, Cusano, Gaetano, anyone who would be involved. Who
20	did you contact at these funds? I'm sorry. When I say
21	"you," I mean anyone on your team, contacted these funds and
22	tell them that these 30 or 40 accounts are all the same
23	party?
24	A Wholesalers all came to our office all the time.
25	Q And who you said you did that for MFS.

1 A Right.

- 2 Q Or someone on your team did that for MFS, ING, and
- 3 AIM.
- 4 A Right.
- 5 Q You told me John Scully was the contact at MFS.
- A Yeah. I'm trying to think of the guy's name at
- 7 ING. I don't know the guy's name at AIM either. I don't
- 8 remember their names. Most of these mutual funds, you know,
- 9 any of the wholesalers that came to see us all knew exactly
- 10 that it was Millennium.
- 11 Q How do you know that they knew?
- 12 A Because I don't think anybody viewed Millennium as
- a bad group at that point either.
- 14 Q When you say "at that point," what point is that?
- 15 A The time that you're referring to.
- MS. BRUNE: Wait. But the question is how did the
- 17 wholesalers know that it was Millennium that was --
- 18 THE WITNESS: Because we told them. We told them.
- 19 BY MR. VAN METER:
- 20 Q "We." You?
- 21 A Right. Me and Sal and Jay and David, right.
- 22 Q But you don't remember -- you told John Scully. Do
- 23 you know who you told at ING?
- 24 A I don't remember his name. The wholesaler at ING.
- 25 The wholesaler at AIM. The wholesaler at --

1	Q And there's one wholesaler for all of Morgan
2	Stanley?
3	A No. He would be the wholesaler for like a region.
4	So the wholesaler could be the wholesaler for all of New
5	York, and then Westchester County, and maybe up to Boston,
6	something like that.
7	Q So there's one wholesaler for the region that would
8	encompass your office.
9	A Right.
10	Q And there was one guy for ING and one guy for AIM.
11	A Right. He had an inside guy and an outside guy.
12	Q Do you remember if he told the inside guy or the
13	outside guy.
14	A Both. Talked to them both.
15	MS. BRUNE: Are these the same guys or different
16	guys from the ones who would bring the plaques congratulating
17	your desk
18	THE WITNESS: Oh, it was the same guys.
19	MS. BRUNE: congratulating your desk for the
20	assets that you brought to their firm.
21	THE WITNESS: Right. Those are the same guys.
22	BY MR. VAN METER:
23	Q Did you ever tell sometimes, you know, as we're
24	looking through these stop letters, they're usually signed by
25	someone. Did you ever tell the person that signed the stop

1	letter that all these different accounts were Millennium?
2	A I don't remember.
3	MS. BRUNE: Can we take a break?
4	MR. VAN METER: Yeah. Let's take a five-minute
5	break. Off the record.
6	(A brief recess was taken.)
7	BY MR. VAN METER:
8	Q Back on the record at 3:00, August 18, 2005. Mr.
9	O'Donnell, would you agree there were no substantive
10	conversations while we were off the record?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Let me show you what's been
13	MS. BEATTIE: I think there were questions
14	outstanding.
15	THE WITNESS: Yeah. And I'll go in regard to
16	you asked me some questions in regard to these mutual funds,
17	right? So Ira Cohen is a fellow that he was at AIM. Now,
18	he wasn't a wholesaler, but he was you know, he's one of
19	the guys you would see on these letters who later on you see
20	was trying to make some kind of an arrangement with us. And
21	those were all Millennium accounts.
22	BY MR. VAN METER:
23	Q I'm sorry. Could you give me the last name?
24	A Ira Cohen. Sorry.
25	Q C-o-h-e-n?

1	A Yeah, I believe so.
2	Q Let me show you what's been previously marked as
3	Exhibit 112. This is a block letter from American Century.
4	It looks like there was an e-mail to you, as well as Betty
5	Martinez and Sal Samperi. If you go down to the bottom, it
6	says, "We sent a letter dated 7/3/02 and asked that you no
7	longer do business with American Century due to excessive
8	trading, yet we continue to see trades dated 7/16/02,
9	7/24/02, and 8/01/02. We have placed the stop purchases in
10	the two following bins."
11	So after the letter came on 7/3/02, were subsequent
12	trades then placed on those dates that are cited there in the
13	letter?
14	A That's what this would indicate, but I don't know
15	that I don't know the answer to that.
16	Q Can you give me any background as to, you know,
17	what happened when this letter came stating that there were
18	subsequent trades after the block letter?
19	A I don't remember this specific block letter.
20	Q If you see this, it looks like Betty Martinez
21	forwards it to Ken Curry, Jim Coscia, Tony Naccarelli, and
22	Donna Ginsel. Did any of these people approach you about
23	this situation?
24	A Well, not this particular situation, that I
25	remember.

- 1 this. So this wasn't -- I didn't have any part of that.
- 2 Q Did Tower Research ever get trades rejected for
- 3 market timing?
- 4 A Sure.
- 5 Q And what would Tower Research instruct you to do
- 6 after they got a trade rejected?
- 7 A Tower Research was -- I think it was similar to
- 8 what Millennium did. But they were -- I'm trying to put this
- 9 in a nice way. They were not as -- they didn't trade as
- 10 frequently as Millennium did, so they didn't have the same
- issues that Millennium potentially did. Or as many stop
- 12 letters, I should probably put it.
- 13 Q So when they did receive a stop letter, what would
- they instruct you to do?
- A Well, we would -- again, if we got the stop letter,
- we'd have a dialogue with Sal, talk to him about it. I'd
- 17 call the mutual fund to make sure that, you know, there
- wasn't a problem. We'd call them. And they would ask us to
- 19 call the mutual fund back to have more dialogue to understand
- 20 why, because they didn't feel like they were trading outside
- of the boundaries that were set forth by the mutual fund
- company.
- Q And what ultimately happened with the trade?
- 24 A I mean, in some cases, you know, mutual funds would
- reinstate trades if they felt that was the case. And then

1	if, you know, they didn't, then they would leave it. You
2	know, it wouldn't be entered, or the rejection held.
3	Q You said before that Millennium would ask you to
4	place the trade even after it was rejected. Did Tower
5	Research ever ask you to do that?
6	MS. BEATTIE: I think the testimony was that
7	sometimes.
8	BY MR. VAN METER:
9	Q Okay, sometimes. Sometimes Millennium would ask
10	you to place the trade. Tower Research never did that?
11	A I'm not sure.
12	Q Let me just be sure about the Millennium situation.
13	Would they ask you to place the trade in the same account
14	that the original trade was placed, or did they ask you to
15	place a trade in one of their other accounts?
16	A No. I mean, it could go either way. It could go
17	either way.
18	Q When was the last time you opened an account for
19	Millennium?
20	A I don't know the answer to that.
21	MR. VAN METER: Could you mark this as 630?
22	(SEC Exhibit No. 630 was marked for
23	identification.)
24	THE WITNESS: You asked me a question here. Let me
25	think about what you said here. You said would they ask you

Exhibit 3C

- account. You know, your joint of rights of -- you know.

 Q Did you ask anyone at Millennium why they started
 getting involved in these variable annuities?
- A We just viewed it more like, you know, more pools of assets.
- 6 BY MS. HARE:
- Q Can I just clarify, did you just make the statement that the variable annuities were purchased in the wrap
- 9 accounts?
- A Yes. In the choice account. "Choice" was Morgan

 Stanley's term for wrap accounts. Like they have a different

 name at Merrill, a different name at Prudential. They called

 it choice accounts at -- and that was also the arrangement

 that they made us do at Morgan Stanley. Those annuities also

 at first had to be in choice accounts.
- 16 Q So that was a Morgan Stanley rule.
- 17 A Right, right.
- 18 Q It wasn't the choice of Millennium for you to put 19 the variable annuity in a choice account.
- A No, that wasn't their choice. But at the end of
 the day, that was beneficial to them. Because it was a wrap
 account, and they didn't have to pay -- they paid less money.
- BY MR. VAN METER:
- Q Let me show you what's been previously marked as
 Exhibit 524. This is a -- I see at the bottom, there's an e-

1	mail from Paul Brandon to Sal Samperi saying, "Sal, as per
2	from Paul, any new insurance business purchase for the
3	premium of 750,000 or greater needs to be questioned to
4	determine strategy suitability." It goes on to ask, "The FA
5	described the strategy behind the purchase."
6	Leonard Schmidt replies to Paul Brandon saying,
7	"Lenny, Bob Palleschi and I had a conference call at the
8	branch regarding this transaction. The branch manager, Sal
9	Samperi, indicated that this account did intend to market
10	time within the annuity. The manager stated he contacted
11	Allstate, and they were okay with this, as long as the branch
12	met certain criteria. This account had a \$5 million wire
13	transfer in 8902, and the manager indicated that the other 3
14	million would also be allocated towards the preferred client
15	VA also. Please indicate if insurance has any issues with
16	this practice and if Allstate would agree to market timing.
17	This FA is a major market timer of mutual funds. Please give
18	me a call."
19	Is this I'm assuming, since this went to Sal
20	Samperi, your branch manager, are they talking about a
21	Millennium or a Tower Research investment in a variable
22	annuity?
23	A I mean, I guess you could look back at the account
24	and try to determine whether that's a Tower or Millennium
25	account, right? I mean, so I

1		MS. BRUNE: Well, that's the
2		THE WITNESS: Okay.
3		BY MR. VAN METER:
4	Q	Well, what's your recollection?
5	A	Well, that's probably my recollection. Probably.
6	Q	Is that you placed the trade
7	А	I don't know for sure that this is a Millennium or
8	Tower acc	ount, because it doesn't say the name on it. But
9	Q	Did Millennium buy an Allstate annuity for the
10	purpose o	f market
11	А	Yes, yes. I don't know if this one, but they did
12	buy so	rry. I'm sorry.
13	Q	Was there an agreement with Allstate that buying a
14	variable a	annuity for market timing would be okay, as long as
15	certain c	riteria were met?
16	А	Yes.
17	Q	Who did you have the agreement with? Who did
18	Millenniu	m have the agreement with?
19	A	Well, Allstate itself. But our wholesaler was a
20	Brian Kene	eely.
21	Q	Did you negotiate this agreement?
22	А	There didn't need to be an agreement. I mean, they
23	didn't	you know, they said to it wasn't an agreement.
24	It was the	e same prospectus in a mutual fund that it would be
25	for any, y	you know, mutual fund. So it's the same you're

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- allowed 10 round trips a year or something like that. So,
- 2 you know, as long as you abided by that rule, then, you know
- 3 ---
- 4 Q So Millennium bought this VA. At some point, Sal
- 5 contacted Brian Keneely.
- A No, no. Brian Keneely used to come irto our office
- 7 all the time.
- 8 Q Okay. Brian Keneely at some point said, "Yeah, we
- 9 know that Millennium is in this VA. We don't have any
- 10 problems with it."
- 11 A Well, before we opened the account, we got it all
- 12 approved. Before we did anything in regard to anything, we
- made sure we told everybody everything. When I tell you
- that, I can't stress that enough. I mean, I really want you
- to understand that when I walk out the door here. We didn't
- do anything without everybody knowing exactly what we were
- 17 doing. Okay?
- 18 Q When you say "we" got it approved --
- 19 A Sal and I.
- 20 Q Okay. And Sal and you talked to --
- 21 A Before we did any insurance business -- I mean,
- 22 keep in mind I said to you earlier that I didn't -- my
- insurance license lapsed when I moved to New York, so I
- 24 didn't have an insurance license. So I went out and took the
- exam and took this to do this.

Exhibit 3D

1	MS. BRUNE: Chris, you've got to testify about what
2	you know about, not what you're speculating about.
3	THE WITNESS: All right. Okay.
4	MR. VAN METER: I'm sorry. Do you want to finish?
5	MS. BRUNE: What's the question again? I'm sorry.
6	BY MR. VAN METER:
7	Q The question was although you had already ran up
8	the flagpole with the general idea of what Millennium was
9	going to do, you had said certainly Sal Samperi and, to your
10	knowledge, Bill McMahon, approved each individual account.
11	Did either Sal or Bill McMahon ask any more questions about
12	what the purposes were of these accounts?
13	A When we were opening the accounts, he would ask,
14	you know, "Is this a Millennium account?" You know, "Are we
15	going to do the same thing?"
16	Q And you gave was that the only question asked,
17	was this a Millennium account?
18	A "Is this a Millennium account? Is this the same
19	thing? Are we going to do market timing?"
20	Q And there were no other questions other than that?
21	A Not that I can recall.
22	Q Within Morgan Stanley systems, was there anything
23	that would automatically notify Morgan Stanley that these,
24	you know, 30 to 40 accounts are all just Millennium?
25	A Well, I believe they had a system that would

- that could notify -- I don't know for sure, though. But I'm
- 2 pretty certain that you would know exactly who -- you know,
- 3 it would be like if you had a family account. You had yours
- 4 and your wife's account and your kids' accounts and an IRA
- 5 account. It would all go under that.
- 6 BY MS. HARE:
- 7 Q Like a household account?
- 8 A Right, like a household type of thing. So you
- 9 could see which -- you know, what accounts were -- I'm highly
- 10 certain.
- BY MR. VAN METER:
- 12 Q Do you know for a fact that all Millennium accounts
- were householded?
- 14 A No. I think householding is different than -- but
- 15 I think they were all categorized as Millennium accounts.
- 16 Q But you said each time they would open an account,
- 17 Sal would ask, "Is this a Millennium account," and you would
- 18 say yes.
- 19 A Yeah.
- 20 Q So Sal knew --
- 21 A Yeah. I mean, Sal wasn't going to sign his name to
- 22 anything unless he was a hundred percent sure on what it was.
- 23 Q So he knew all 40 of these accounts were --
- 24 A Oh, yes.
- Q Did Bill McMahon know all 40 of these --

1	A Yes.
2	Q Let me ask, between these different accounts, was
3	money ever journaled between the accounts?
4	A Yeah, they would do that.
5	Q Why would they journal money between the accounts?
6	A Maybe there was again, I didn't do this. This
7	was I didn't run operations. Dave Cusano and Jay Doolan
8	did this. But money did no, I don't think they ever I
9	think well, I'm not positive. I'm really not.
10	Q You said before that yeah, they did it?
11	A I don't think that they journaled money from this
12	account. I don't think they ever did that. Actually, I
13	don't think they did. I'm not positive, but I don't think
14	they did.
15	Q Would there be journaling records at Morgan
16	Stanley?
17	A Yeah.
18	Q And how would that work? Would you just compare
19	account numbers and see
20	A Yeah. You'd look at the account and see what I
21	mean, just look at the activity page to see where what was
22	journaled.
23	Q Did you ever have to look at these records to see
24	if money was journaled?

4/22/2008 12:20 PM 85

A No, I didn't do that.

25

Exhibit

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1
2
3
4
    NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.
    DIVISION OF ENFORCEMENT
 5
     -----X
 6
     In the Matter of:
 7
            MORGAN STANLEY DW, INC. and
            MORGAN STANLEY & COMPANY
 8
     Testimony of:
 9
            SALVATORE SAMPERI
10
     ----X
11
                                14 Wall Street
12
                                New York, New York
                                July 26, 2005
10:20 a.m.
13
14
15
     APPEARANCES:
16
     For the Division of Enforcement:
17
            ROBERT K. BUTANI,
Senior Principal Enforcement
18
                 Investigator
19
            MARIANNE PAOLI, ESQ.,
20
                 Trial Counsel
21
            CHUN LI,
                 Litigation Analyst
22
                 (a.m. session)
            TRACY TIMBERS, ESQ.,
Enforcement Director
(a.m. session)
23
24
25
```

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Exhibit 4A

2 this thing?

93068.txt

- 3 Some would say, unlimited. You can do as
- 4 many turns that you want. The only control we will
- 5 put on you is the size of the trade.
- 6 Q Was a record ever kept of those
- 7 conversations?
- 8 A Between him and the mutual fund fund
- 9 companies?
- 10 Q Yes.
- 11 A He may have kept them. I certainly did
- 12 not.
- 13 Q There was no list kept of the number of
- 14 turns in a particular mutual fund?
- 15 A No. He may have done that -- Doolan may
- 16 have done that for his own benefit, so that when he
- 17 got to the limit he would know what it was and he
- 18 would stop.
- 19 It was his benefit to know that kind of
- 20 stuff.
- Q With respect to market timing you had
- 22 spoken with your regional director, you had spoken
- 23 with your branch office manager in white Plains.
- 24 Did you continue to have conversations --

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25 and you also had spoken with compliance.

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1 Samperi

- 2 A Right.
- Q Did you continue to have conversations
- 4 with those same individuals regarding O'Donnell's

- 93068.txt market timing activity or market timing activity at 5
- 6 your branch office?
- 7 Α Yes.
- Could you tell me what those issues 8
- 9 were? If you could do it in a chronological order,
- 10 if you can.
- 11 The first stop letter we got was from Α
- 12 American Century.
- 13 They, I think, first contacted external
- fund operations. 14
- 15 They in turn contacted Palleschi.
- 16 Palleschi sends me an e-mail and he
- 17 copies McMahon.
- I have a conversation with Palleschi. I 18
- have a conversation with McMahon. 19
- 20 That would be one example.
- 21 What are you informed of? Q
- 22 Α Stay within the rules.
- 23 Q From each McMahon and Palleschi, they
- 24 both reiterate that same information?
- 25 Α Correct.

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- 1 Samperi
- 2 Do you express any other concerns to them Q
- 3 at that point?
- 4 I said, look, our process is when this
- happens we stop. We are not going to do another 5
- 6 trade in American Century. They don't want the
- business, we are not going to do it. And we didn't. 7

The capacity was -- it was 50 basis points. 10 11 I don't care what their capacity was. 12 Mine was 50 basis points. 13 50 basis points did not give you a lot of capacity into annuities. He was trying to get those 14 annuities that were beyond what we were already 15 16 into. 17 Using that same 50 basis point formula? Q 18 Α Yes. 19 Q Why did you reject that idea 20 automatically? 21 I didn't reject it automatically. Α

22 I just said, we don't do anything until

23 everybody approves it.

24 He called Pyndus and I called Pyndus and

Palleschi and had conversations. 25

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1 Samperi 2 Was the first conversation between you Q and Pyndus or did Mr. O'Donnell reach out to 3 Mr. Pyndus? 4 I think O'Donnell spoke to him first and 5 Α he spoke to Palleschi first. 6 7 Q Who was this client? 8 Α I don't recall. Q

9 What was the amount of investment that he

10 was proposing?

11 I don't think he had a specific amount at

12 that time.

A. Not at that time. He started doing some

13	Q You had a conversation first with
14	Mr. Pyndus?
15	A Pyndus or Palleschi, one or the other.
16	Q What do you recall Mr. Pyndus saying to
17	you?
18	A He wasn't entirely opposed to the idea
19	but that he wanted us to do some basic research so
20	he could evaluate it and he asked us if we would
21	give him the single case exception companies that we
22	thought we would like to get his approval on.
23	Q Did Mr. O'Donnell have a list of single
24	case exception companies?

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15

exception issue.

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206

1 Samperi 2 homework. Maybe he came up with, like, two or 3 4 three. 5 Do you know what criteria Mr. O'Donnell used to depict those three, two or three? 6 They had the biggest mutual fund menus in 7 8 their annuity. 9 So it gave you a broader base to place 10 the funds. Did Mr. Pyndus express any concerns that 11 he might have had with respect to this type of 12 13 activity? 14 His concern primarily was the single case

16 As it turned out, I don't recall all the 17 names but one of the companies was American 18 Skandia. 19 John's objection to it was its credit 20 rating. 21 He didn't want to put client money into an insurance company that had -- I forget what their 22 credit rating was. It was well below what was 23

required to have a sales agreement with Morgan

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24

25

Stanley.

207

1 Samperi 2 That was off the table. 3 What were the other two? Q 4 I don't recall the names of the other 5 two. 6 He had, I think, two out of the three he just outright dismissed based on credit ratings and 7 the third one -- it was like borderline and he 8 9 didn't want to make a decision. 10 We kind of bounced it back and forth. 11 Bob said, you need his okay. 12 John wanted to talk to Bob and finally it all headed towards a meeting we were going to have, 13 14 all of us together. 15 I said, this is crazy, we are all on the telephone, let's sit down at a table and figure out 16 if we were or were not going to do this. 17 18 Q Did you have such a meeting?

19 Α Yes. 20 Q when did you have that, do you recall? 21 Α October 10, 2002. 22 Q Someone is prepared well. 23 MR. MAYNARD: No comment. 24 or you have a very good memory. Q 25 MR. MAYNARD: No comment.

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1 Samperi 2 THE WITNESS: I messed that one up. 3 MS. PAOLI: I would like to show you -we are going back now to your notes which are in 4 5 evidence as Exhibit 3. 6 (Document handed to the witness.) 7 If you could turn to page, what is Bates stamped ending in 13, which is page 13. 8 9 Α 9502? 10 Yes. Go to line 4. Q 11 Α Yes. 12 Q "Jackie Maz"? 13 The real name is Mazelli. "In branch. Α Told her of 5/29 plan from VK" Van Kampen. "Unable 14 to be networked. No credit for office funds. 15 Reviewed 9/30 asset based summary. Planning for 16 Westchester Hills Golf Club -- asset based --" 17 excuse me, "asset based submit. Planning for 18 Westchester Hills Golf Club. Working with O'Donnell 19 on getting okay for market timing in annuities. No 20 go until Pyndus hears from Palleschi." 21

```
93068.txt
 5
                Please continue reading.
 6
                What is the second path he was choosing?
 7
                "Two, work something out with carriers
     that makes it doable. Without blowing up
 8
 9
     subaccounts, ala Third Avenue."
10
                Do you know what that means?
11
                Yes. He was referring to that Pacific
12
     Growth fund we had discussed earlier.
13
                was that a single-case exception?
           Q
14
           Α
                No.
15
                That was general market timing in
           Q
     annuities that resulted...
16
17
           Α
                Yes.
18
           Q
                Please continue reading.
19
                "Will be okay on having us explore
     program with insurance carriers. Keep him posted.
20
     Some have particular sensitivities; EG muni life.
21
22
     Suggested COD would follow-up to describe on a list
     of six carriers or so --"
23
24
                MR. MAYNARD: Decide or describe?
25
                THE WITNESS: Describe. Or decide. Hold
                                                              214
1
                          Samperi
2
    on. I am not sure.
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93068.txt 8 Q You said on October 10 there was a 9 meeting? 10 Α Yes. 11 why don't you tell me what happened at Q 12 that meeting? 13 It was in Bob Palleschi's office. Ά 14 Bob was there, Tony Naccarelli, Paul 15 Brandon, myself and O'Donnell. 16 O What was discussed? Mr. Pyndus was supposed to be there. 17 Α 18 The meeting did not start for about ten or 15 minutes. He doesn't show up. 19 20 Palleschi calls him, can't find him. He 21 never showed up. Bob took the occasion to go over 22 everything that was happening out there and we 23 reviewed what we were doing in terms of the controls 24

O 215

and reactions and the general kind of summary.

25

1 Samperi 2 He said, can't do anything without Maybe we will have another meeting another 3 day, something to that effect. 4 5 Let's look at your October 10th entries. 6 MR. MAYNARD: So you know, the last page relates to that as well. Page 57. 7 8 MS. PAOLI: Page 57 of? 9 MR. MAYNARD: Of Exhibits 3. 10 MS. PAOLI: Thank you.

93068.txt 11 Q Let's go to page 15 of Exhibit 3? 12 Α Yes. 13 The lines 1 through 4 refer to the Q 14 meeting. 15 What about lines 5 through 14? 16 Α That was something to do with the 17 Bloomberg machine. 18 Line 4 it says, "John Pyndus never..." Q 19 Showed. Α 20 What do you have after that? Q 21 "(See notes)". Α 22 Q Turning to page 57 of Exhibit 3?

23 Α Yes.

24 Are those the notes that you referred to? Q

25 Correct.

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12

13

216

1 Samperi 2 If you could read that second paragraph, 3 which is the body of your notes. 4 Could you read that to me because I 5 cannot make out anything? 6 I will read it from the top. 7 "Meeting New York City compliance office 8 Bob Palleschi, Tony Naccarelli, Paul --9 You can skip down where it says Q 10 "remind." 11 "Reviewed current status of mutual fund

trading activity, 50 beeps is working. Good control limit. Number of turns when specified also adds the

- 14 control. Bob reiterates what we are doing is not in
- 15 violation of regs. Stay within the rules. Believes
- 16 this is a mutual fund issue. Said to hold off on
- 17 external VAs until JP gives okay. Attempted to call
- 18 him but no response. JP is only one who can sign
- 19 off on single exception external annuities. Will
- 20 follow up with JP."
- 21 Q What is your understanding of what
- 22 Mr. Palleschi meant when he said, "this is a mutual
- 23 fund issue."
- 24 A That encapsulates his feeling any time
- 25 the mutual funds wanted to shut down this activity

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- 1 Samperi
- 2 they could. It was well within their power to do
- 3 so.
- 4 Q Did Mr. Palleschi ever make any type of
- 5 representation that the funds should be made aware
- 6 of all of the FA numbers associated with a
- 7 particular FA?
- 8 A Should we be proactive and just give it
- 9 to them?
- 10 Q Correct.
- 11 A Not that I recall.
- 12 Q What about all of the account numbers
- 13 associated with a particular customer?
- 14 A I don't understand the question.
- 15 Q You will have a customer who can have
- 16 more than one account, correct?

8	93068.txt It could be just the fund that they were
9	stopping, not the account.
10	Q You don't know?
11	A I don't.
12	Q You received this document?
13	·A Yes.
14	Q How did you address the AIM matter?
15	A Stop it.
16	Q Did you investigate this any further to
17	see what was going in this case, that you recall?
18	A Not that I recall.
19	MS. PAOLI: Let's take a five-minute
20	break.
21	(Recess taken.)
22	MS. PAOLI: Back on the record.
23	Mr. Samperi, there were no substantive discussions
24	while we were off the record; is that correct?
25	THE WITNESS: That is correct.

1 Samperi

Q I believe we had discussed earlier

3 American Century.

4 A Yes.

Q As December came along did you ever have

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6 any discussions -- let me ask you this. Who is Sam

7 Turvey?

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8 A Director of compliance.

9 Q He was the director of compliance from

10 September through December of 2002?

- 93068.txt
 A I don't know when he came on board.
- 12 Q Was he there in November and December of
- 13 2002?
- 14 A Yes. Around that time. It was the end
- of 2002 he came on board.
- 16 Q Did you ever have any discussions with
- 17 Sam Turvey regarding market timing?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q When did that occur?
- 20 A In March prior to the release of the
- 21 policy statement.
- 22 Q In March?
- 23 A Yes.
- Q Where did that conversation take place?
- 25 A In his conference room.

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- 1 Samperi
- 2 Q Who was present?
- 3 A Myself, Chris O'Donnell, James Doolan,
- 4 Sam Turvey, Bob Palleschi.
- 5 I believe that was who was there.
- 6 Q At whose request was this meeting taking
- 7 place?
- 8 A I think it was O'Donnell called Turvey
- 9 but... I just don't recall who the spearhead was
- 10 for the meeting.
- O'Donnell and Turvey had a conversation,
- 12 let's get together and hash it out.
- 13 Q Prior to this meeting, were there any

Exhibit 4B

_	Samperi
2	rules of the mutual funds were?
3	A Well, for instance, they would
4	specifically say in a 12-month period of time you
5	could have so many buys and sells.
6	Q Where did you learn that from?
7	A Either from the fund, the wholesaler, the
8	prospectus.
9	There would be any number of sources.
10	They would tell you themselves.
11	Wholesalers would come into the branch
12	all the time every day.
13	Q This information was relayed to you from
14	Mr. Palleschi, I believe you had said to stay within
15	the funds?
16	A To stay within the rules.
17	Q Did you pass that on to Mr. O'Donnell?
18	A Yes.
19	Q What did you personally do to find out
20	what the rules were in the funds in which
21	Mr. O'Donnell was employing this market timing
22	strategy?
23	MR. MAYNARD: Initially or throughout?
24	This has turned into a kind of a
75	longer

93068.txt 2 MS. PAOLI: No. Initially. 3 Α My biggest source of information were the 4 wholesalers from the mutual funds. 5 They would come into the office. I would sit them down in my office and I would say, make me 6 7 smart about this. 8 , What are the trigger points? What do you guys don't want, what can we do, what can't we do? 9 10 They would tell us what the situation 11 was. 12 Q The wholesalers worked directly for the mutual funds? 13 14 Α Yes. 15 Q They were based in the mutual funds' 16 offices? 17 They would be wholesalers. They would make the round of the branches, visit us, try to get 18 us to sell their funds. 19 20 They would put a presentation on about a 21 particular fund. 22 When Mr. O'Donnell brought that idea to you and then you asked Mr. Gunther and then you 23

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24

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Samperi 2 Α Correct, yes. 3 Q That was early on, also? Α Yes.

asked Mr. McMahon, there came a time when

Mr. Palleschi became involved also, correct?

13 Α Summer of 2002. 14 Q Late summer? 15 I don't know. 16 Summer? Q 17 Α I would say summer. July. 18 What prompted you to place this amount Q 19 control? 20 Two things. The wholesalers said the too Α sensitivities on the fund size was the amount of the 21 22 trade and the number of turns. 23 In terms of the amount, trying to figure out where is this amount that the funds would not be 24 sensitive to, discussion with the wholesalers, 25

0

15

Q

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1 Samperi wholesalers' discussion with fund people getting 2 back to me, it was like a consensus that if you did 3 your trades at 50 basis points at the fund value, 4 5 you are going to be okay. 6 That was a reasonable standard to adopt, preclude funds from being disrupted or having a 7 negative impact by doing those kind of trades. 8 9 Did you monitor or did you review Q anything to determine whether or not Mr. O'Donnell 10 11 was complying --12 Α Yes. 13 -- with your 50 basis points control? Q 14 Α Yes.

What did you do?

10 exchanges that was permitted with that particular

11 mutual fund?

- 12 A At the beginning I just referenced them
- 13 to see what was in there.
- 14 I came away with the sense that they were
- 15 like fingerprints.
- 16 Every mutual fund had different language
- 17 in their prospectus to govern this.
- 18 Some I couldn't even find it, other than
- 19 a general phrase, "we reserve the right to reject
- 20 any transaction that we feel is not in the best
- 21 interest of the firm."
- 22 But some had very specific. 12 turns in
- 23 12 months. Six in six months or something like
- 24 that.
- Q Do you know whether or not Mr. O'Donnell

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1 Samperi

- 2 or any of the sales assistants or FAs who were
- 3 engaging in this type of business with him reviewed
- 4 prospectuses to determine what their limit was?
- 5 A I don't know if it was so much reviewing
- 6 prospectuses as getting the information from the
- 7 wholesalers or funds themselves about what they
- 8 would permit.
- 9 Q Was a list ever kept?
- 10 A Not that I can recall.
- 11 Q I understand that you would speak with
- 12 some of the wholesalers or you might have reviewed

some of the prospectuses but did you do anything to 13 determine whether or not Mr. O'Donnell had reviewed 14 anything or spoken with anyone to know what his 15 limits were in a fund in which he was about to 16 17 engage in market timing? 18 Α Yes, he did. 19 Q How do you know? 20 He told me and the people he spoke to would speak to me sometimes. 21 22 There was no sort of review mechanism Q that you had in place that you could -- he would 23 24 give you a number and you could check it? 25 If you told me, Templeton Fund, I

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14

15

Q

Α

Yes.

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1 Samperi couldn't tell you what the terms were, or something 2 3 like that. Like I said earlier, there was not a 4 standard statement in mutual fund prospectuses that 5 you could point to. All over the lot. 6 7 Q Each prospectus was different? 8 Α Yes. 9 Q For each fund? 10 Α Yes. 11 Some might have similar language or might Q have the same number of turns, as you described it? 12 13 Α Yes.

But others would be different, correct?

Exhibit 4C

1	Samperi
2	A Yes. We just reviewed it in my
3	Daytimer.
4	Q And then it goes on "Lenny, Bob Palleschi
5	and I had a conference call with the branch
6	regarding this transaction. The branch manager, Sal
7	Samperi indicated that this account did intend to
8	market time within the annuity. The manager stated
9	he contacted Allstate and they were okay with this
10	as long as the branch met certain criteria."
11	Is that all true what I have just read
12	within the body of that paragraph?
13	A Yes.
14	Q You contacted Allstate? When they refer
15	to the manager, they are referring to you?
16	A Yes.
17	Q You were allowed to market time within
18	the annuity as long as you met certain criteria.
19	What was that criteria?
20	A It was the controls that we had spoken
21	about earlier with respect to the size of the trades
22	and how they would conduct themselves with respect
23	to moving money back and forth within the
24	subaccounts, and the turns and things like that.
25	Q When you say the turns, did you discuss

93068.txt with Allstate specifically that you would be 2 3 executing a certain number of turns? 4 According to their policy. Whatever Α their policy was as stated would be our guideline. 5 6 The amount invested would be not greater Q 7 than 50 basis points? 8 Of the subaccount. who did you speak to at Allstate, do you 9 Q 10 recall? 11 It was the wholesaler for Allstate. At Α the time they were called Northbrook. 12 13 Brian somebody. I don't recall his last 14 name. 15 Did you ever speak with portfolio Q 16 managers? 17 Α No. 18 Any particular reason why not? Q 19 The wholesaler in most cases would be the ones that would interact with the portfolio 20 21 managers. 22 Do you know whether the wholesalers were Q communicating with the portfolio managers? 23 24 Α Yes. 25 Q That was represented to you?

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Samperi

A Yes.

Q with respect to this instance, the

Allstate matter that is referred to in this e-mail,

5	93068.txt do you know whether or not this particular
6	wholesaler communicated with the portfolio manager?
7	A Yes. He was very specific about that.
8	Q What was the name of the wholesaler that
9	you had spoken with?
10	A I don't recall his last name.
11	His first name was, I believe, Brian.
12	Q Would he be the wholesaler for an entire
13	region?
14	Could you describe how wholesalers, if
15	you know
16	A It varies. They are definitely given,
17	not just the branch, but a large geographic area.
18	He might be responsible for Westchester,
19	southern Connecticut, Rockland County, parts of
20	northern New Jersey.
21	I don't know what his area was but it was
22	typically a number of branches within a kind of
23	contiguous geographic area.
24	Q Let's take a look at the next sentence.
25	"This account had a \$5 million wire

Samperi

transfer on August 9 of '02 and the manager

indicated that the other 3 million will also be

allocated towards the preferred client VA also."

VA stands for variable annuity, I am

assuming?

A That is correct.

0

Exhibit 4D

```
93068.txt
 5
            Q
                 when you say early, you mean between what
 6
      time frame?
 7
            Α
                 May, June, July.
                 Probably July was the biggest month.
 8
 9
                 MR. MAYNARD: 2002?
10
                 THE WITNESS: 2002, yes.
                Let's talk about the types of complaints
11
           Q
     you would have received.
12
13
                 In what form would they come?
14
                The majority would be sent to external
     mutual fund operations by the external funds.
15
                And then someone in external mutual fund
16
17
     operations would copy the branch.
18
                Copy O'Donnell, copy me, copy both of
19
     us.
                when did you first begin receiving -- was
20
           Q
     there a typical type of complaint that would be
21
22
     received by you from the --
23
           Α
                It would be categorized.
                If I could categorize them for you, some
24
     of the complaints would say, we are canceling that
25
```

Samperi

trade. We don't want the trade.

They are not saying stop, they are just saying we don't want that trade.

Tomorrow they may take that fund. On that day for that fund, we are canceling the trade.

Some would say they would be warnings.

```
Case 1:07-cv-11275-JGK
                     IGK Document 38-5xt Filed 04/24/2008 Page 28 of 38 You have already used ten of your 12
         turns for this year, you only have two left.
     9
    10
                     They tell us we had two left.
    11
                     Some would be stop, we don't want your
    12
         business. We are blocking you, Mr. O'Donnell, we
    13
         don't want any trades from 723, 143. Boom, just
    14
         stop.
    15
                     For you, personally, Mr. O'Donnell?
                Q
    16
                     Yes. And they would list the numbers.
    17
         The 143 and 743 and the partnerships.
    18
                     How would they have those numbers?
    19
                     On the external mutual fund fund system.
    20
         Or they would just ask for them.
                                             Some of the
         communications from the funds would have it right on
    21
         their communication.
    22
    23
                     It is your testimony that the mutual
         funds, the external mutual funds had the ability to
    24
    25
         see all of Mr. O'Donnell's -- or any FA number
```

O 131

```
1
                          Samperi
2
    associated with Mr. O'Donnell?
3
                If they asked for it, yes.
4
          Q
                If they asked for it.
5
          A
                Yes.
6
                But they would not see it when the trade
          Q
7
    came in?
3
          4
               No. Let me take that back.
9
               Yes, part of the trade is the
```

identification number.

10

132

1 Samperi 2 Α I don't know. 3 I just don't know, Marianne -- when the FA puts the order in, he goes into that order entry 4 system, his branch, the account, and his ID number 5 6 are part of that order. 7 Any mutual fund out there, and I can tell you a number of them did it -- when they wanted to 8 zero in on the broker, they simply said to external 9 10 mutual fund operations, whose account is this. 11 The account would come back 143, 12 O'Donnell. 13 Putting a block on 143 O'Donnell, no more

```
Case 1:07-cv-11275-JGK Document 38-5
                                            Filed 04/24/2008 Page 30 of 38
       trades.
 14
 15
                  when the order entry system comes in,
       743, 143, trade blocked.
 16
       BY MS. TIMBERS:
 17
                  Do you know who in mutual fund operations
 18
             Q
       provided those names to the mutual funds?
  19
                  It could have been any of the staff
  20
  21
       there -- Terry --
  22
             Q
                  Stacy.
                  Stacy, I am sorry. I remembered the T.
  23
             Α
                  The head of the mutual fund operations is
  24
  25
       a guy named Ken Curry.
                                                                133
   1
                             Samperi
                   His backup was Betty Martinez.
   2
   3
                   There were, maybe, four or five other
   4
       people that had day-to-day, daily hookups with
       mutual fund companies.
   5
                   They definitely could have.
   6
                   Many of them asked me.
   7
```

They would call me up.

Who is this broker?

What is his number?

giving out his name to the mutual funds?

Did Mr. O'Donnell have a problem with you

No. Some of the mutual funds would

communicate with him directly. Wouldn't even copy

Chris O'Donnell.

0

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

L5 16

me on it.

Case 1:	07-cv-11275-JGK Document 38-5 Filed 04/24/2008 Q Do you know whether Mr. O'Donnell had a	Page 31 of 38
18	problem with anybody in mutual fund operations	
19	giving out his name?	
20	A No. It was part of the business, Tracy.	
21	It was part of the business from the	
22	standpoint that some mutual funds wanted the	
23	business and some didn't.	
24	There were some in between.	
25	They had half the foot in the door and a	
		134
		134
1	Samperi	
1 2	Samperi half the foot out the door.	
	·	
2	half the foot out the door.	
2	half the foot out the door. Part of the learning process was to find	
2 3 4	half the foot out the door. Part of the learning process was to find out who would permit it, at what level and under	
2 3 4 5	half the foot out the door. Part of the learning process was to find out who would permit it, at what level and under what circumstances.	
2 3 4 5 6	half the foot out the door. Part of the learning process was to find out who would permit it, at what level and under what circumstances. The ones that didn't want it, stay away	
2 3 4 5 6 7	half the foot out the door. Part of the learning process was to find out who would permit it, at what level and under what circumstances. The ones that didn't want it, stay away from them because they didn't want the business.	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	half the foot out the door. Part of the learning process was to find out who would permit it, at what level and under what circumstances. The ones that didn't want it, stay away from them because they didn't want the business. We found out by putting in a trade.	

Mr. O'Donnell was not happy that his name was given

practice that someone in the business wants to find

fund that is doing business with Morgan Stanley, you

They could find out.

It is common -- it is a fairly common

I certainly could find out. Any mutual

0

12 13

14

15 16

17

18

19

out to a mutual fund?

out who did that trade.

Every joint production agreement has 143

David Cusano was not an FA but he was

Do you know whether or not he was ever

identified by American Century as a market timer, or

He was a sales assistant?

having engaged in market timing business?

0

12

13

14

15

1617

18

19

20

21

22

name anywhere.

Q

Α

Q

A

0

registered, right?

as part of the agreement.

Correct.

Yes.

93068.txt

16	Q Indeed, there were instances in which
17	Mr. O'Donnell received communication from, maybe not
18	directly from the funds but through your mutual fund
19	operation department in which he was notified that
20	he had exceeded the number of turns in a particular
21	fund?
22	A Correct. Or he might find out from the
23	fund directly too.
24	Q In those instances, you were copied on
25	those letters, correct?

1	Samperi
2	A Sometimes.
3	Q When you learned that, would you have
4	conversations with Chris O'Donnell about that?
5	A Yes.
6	Q What would you say to him?
7	A Tell him to stop. Look, you are out of
8	turns. No more trades with this fund.
9	Q Did you determine whether or not he had
10	reviewed the prospectus with respect to that
11	particular fund to determine the number of turns he
12	was permitted?
13	MR. MAYNARD: Is this a hypothetical
14	question still?
15	MS. PAOLI: It is not a hypothetical.
16	Mr. Samperi, I believe, you have already testified
17	that you did receive letters.
18	THE WITNESS: Yes. Page 130

93068.txt

19	Q S	Saying that you have exceeded the number
20	of trades, r	right?
21	A C	Correct.
22	QI	It is not a hypothetical, you did receive
23	those types	of letters?
24	Α. Ο	oh, yes.

25 Q What I want to know is, can you remember

19

20

21

Q

One would slip up.

0

145

1 Samperi 2 what you said to Mr. O'Donnell on those --3 Whenever we received a letter from a fund that told us to stop -- they didn't want any more 4 trades, we had done too many or sometimes we didn't 5 even reach their maximum number of turns, they were 6 7 moving too fast. 8 No, we don't want that kind of business. 9 Stop. 10 Whenever that occurred in any form of communication, I told O'Donnell to stop and he did, 11 12 for the most part. 13 Sometimes he would ask another question 14 but, Chris, stop. And he would stop. 15 Did you become concerned at all that Chris perhaps was not following your instructions 16 for the controls that you had in place? 17 18 Α No.

Page 131

Every now and then it wasn't perfect.

At any point in time.

Exhibit 4E

93068.txt

1		Samperi
2	Q	When was the last time you testified in
3	connection	n with your former employer?
4	Α	In 1995.
5	Q	Other than that, other than your
6	testimony	with the Port Authority?
7	A	No.
8	Q	I would like to now ask you some
9	questions	regarding your educational background.
10	Α	Yes.
11	Q	Did you graduate from high school?
12	А	Yes.
13	Q	College?
14	Α	Yes.
15	Q	What college did you go to?
16	Α	Fordham.
17	Q	Did you graduate?
18	Α	Yes.
19	Q	What degree did you receive?
20	Α	BS.
21	Q	I am sorry?
22	Α	Bachelor of Science degree.
23	Q	Do you hold any other advanced degrees?
24	Α	Yes.
25	Q	Could you please

0

13

Samperi

New York University, MBA finance.

You can continue if there are others.

55000.

```
4 A No, that is it.
```

- 5 Q Do you hold any licenses or
- 6 certifications?
- 7 A In connection with my current employment,
- 8 yes.
- 9 . Q Could you describe those?
- 10 A Series 7, Series 8, 63, 65, 31 and life
- 11 insurance for life and health.
- 12 Q Are all of those licenses current?
- A Yes.
- 14 Q I would like to now go through your
- 15 employment history.
- 16 You had just described to me that you had
- 17 worked with the Port Authority as a deputy director
- 18 of public safety, in the public safety department.
- How long were you in the employ of the
- 20 Port Authority?
- 21 A 30 years.
- Q Could you just -- I want to go back to
- 23 your education. When did you obtain your degree in
- 24 finance?
- 25 A 1969.

0

Samperi

14

- 2 MR. MAYNARD: The MBA or the --
- 3 MS. PAOLI: The MBA in finance.
- 4 Q I believe you had a BS degree from
- 5 Fordham?

1.

6 A 1962.

- 7 Did you retire from the Port Authority? Q 8 Α Yes. 9 What did you do as the deputy director of 10 public safety department? I was the number two person in the Port 11 Authority Police Department. 12 what did you do? Did you handle any of 13 the business activities or financing side --14 15 Everything. 16 You did everything? Q 17 Yes. I didn't go on patrol or investigate crimes but I supervised just about every 18 19 unit there. 20 The only one I did not supervise --What I am trying to find out is did you 21 Q have any type of work experience with the Port 22 Authority that related to finance at all? 23 24 Α Not really.

0

1 Samperi

2 THE WITNESS: Yes. Nothing in finance in

MR. MAYNARD: Budgets and stuff.

15

3 terms of investments, if you want to categorize it

4 as that.

5 Q But you handled budgets?

6 A Yes.

7 Q You were there until 1995, 1995 you

8 voluntarily retired?

3 A Yes.

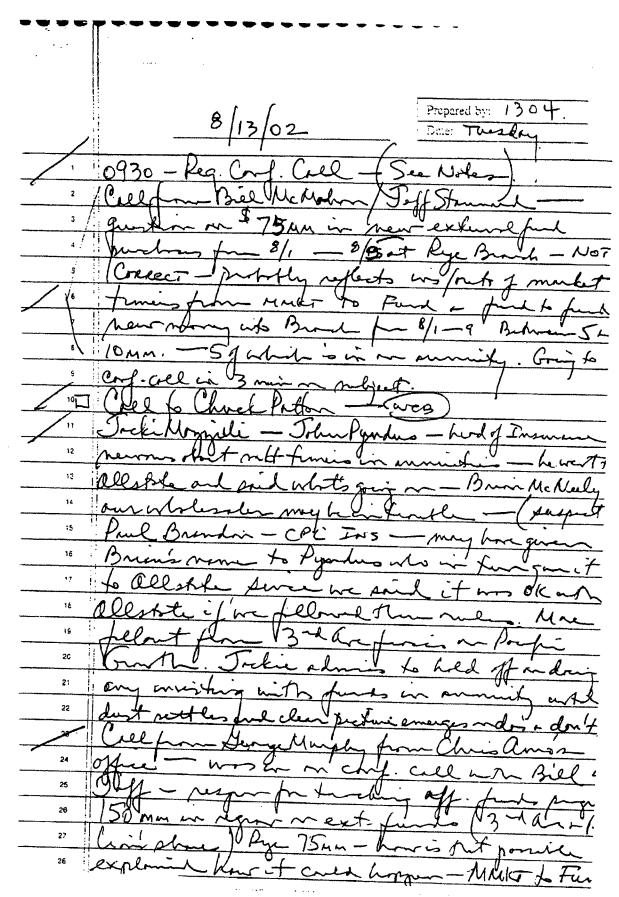
Exhibit 5

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	3/11/03 Tuesday
:	Tuesday
	Meeting with So The Box Oct 1: 012
	Dorbon and myself at NYC CPC There
	to discuss Co'Dr Minus morning - offer
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MS-NYSE-DUP 000019 Confidential Treatment Requested

Exhibit

6

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. : Civil No. 07-CV-11275 (JGK/JCF) :
: : :
: :

DECLARATION OF CAITLIN M. STAFFORD IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT CHRISTOPHER L. O'DONNELL'S MOTION TO DISMISS

I, Caitlin M. Stafford, declare as follows:

- 1. I am a legal assistant with the law firm of Mayer Brown LLP, counsel for Defendant Christopher L. O'Donnell.
- 2. I submit this declaration in support of Defendant Christopher L. O'Donnell's Motion to Dismiss the Complaint.
- 3. Attached hereto is a typed transcription, prepared by me, of handwritten notes of Salvatore Samperi.
- 4. The attached transcription was prepared to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of purjury that the forgoing is true and correct.

Executed this 24th day of April, 2008, in Washington, District of Columbia.

Caitlin M. Stafford

7/31/02 - Wednesday

Verbal complaint - Mrs. Josephine Caruso against Michael Gaetano (see notes) does not want to go into detail at this time - more interested in transferring assets (prob. with [O_?_F_?_] Alert - Ed Jones cannot sell - give her procedures to have it sent back).

10:30 a.m. Train to NYC for Regional Br. Manager Conf. at Shelbourne 37th and Lexington. Dinner with CP, AB, FR at Morton's. Discussion with Bill McM - Jeff S. - and sep. - Jackie Mazzelli on VK funds for MTim. accts. - OK - ban is strictly on MS funds. Can do annuities for mkt. timing even though MS funds are ___?__] as sub accounts -- H - NB (Allstate) etc. ___?__].

Affil. funds - 4 month goal - be sure to stay within rules. Check with CPL - wholesaler. Relate to size of annuity sub-pools.

8/12/02 - Monday

Annual CPL Audit - CE Meeting at 4:15pm

([?]: 1354.40 close on NASDAO comp.)

(**In margin**) Marty Massy Funeral 10AM

E-mail from Bill McMahon – call him on Bob P e-mail from Friday.

Called Bill McM – someone in his office – [T ?] WCB

Call to Chuck Patton - not available - WCB

Rick Leong: CPL Auditor arrived Branch apx. 0900 to conduct annual audit.

Bob Trotten: Buy 50,000 FHL 4.25%, '06 in [__?__] 11440

Bill McMahon - briefed on American Century e-mail to stop mkt. timing transactions in their funds.

Interaction with auditor all day - questions, requests for documents (e.g. McNear discrectionary account approvals, etc.)

John Palma: Sell out entire account or Tom [__?__] Lowell (clocks not passed - down to 7% equity, Tom claims foul-up with transferring funds - instructed Tom to sell out account - sold Checkpoint Systems - could NOT sell Concord EFS (CEFT) E class (No Buy/ No Sell) restrictions on stk. For employees - will probably be [__?__] tomorrow - called John Palma back & informed on restriction.

Bob Palleschi & Paul Brandon on \$2MM annuity ticket dropped on Friday. Bob related that mkt. timing from another office put Pacific Growth (MS) into deficit situation - pool of funds

8/12/02- page 2

in annuity sub-accounts smaller than fund pool in general. Bob reviewed rules other fund families have given to us to continue mkt. timing business - discussed rules in general - said we were sensitive to prospectus - size of funds - no disruption or neg. impact - if they object no good.

8/13/02 - Tuesday

0930 - Reg. Conf. Call - (see notes).

Call from Bill McMahon/Jeff Standard - question on \$75 MM in new external fund purchases from 8/1 - 8/9 at Rye Branch - NOT CORRECT - probably reflects ins/outs of market timers from MMKT to Fund and fund to fund . New money into Branch from 8/1 - 9 between 5-10M -5 of which is in an annuity. Going to conf. call in 3 min. on subject.

Call to Chuck Patton - WCB

Jacki Mazzelli - John Pyndus - Head of Insurance nervous about market timers in annuities - he went to Allstate and said what's going on - Brian McNeely our wholesaler may be in trouble -(suspect Paul Brandon) - CPL INS - may have given Brian's name to Pyndus who in turn gave it to Allstate since we said it was OK with Allstate if we followed these rules. More fallout from 3rd Ave. fiasco in Pacific Growth. Jackie advises to hold off on doing any investing with funds in annuity until dust settles and clear picture emerges on do's and don't's.

Call from George Murphy from Chris Amo's office - was in on conf. call with Bill. Jeff response for trading aff. funds [__?__] 150M in [__?__] on ext. funds (3rd Ave. and [_?_] Lions' shares) Rye 75MM - how is that possible explained how it could happen - MMKT to Fund.

8/13/02 (Page 2)

Counts as new buy, but not NEW assets, etc. Gave him background on entire market timing operation - referred him to Ken Curry for mechanics of ext. fund reporting. Will call if he needs additional info.

Called Jeff Standard to debrief him - WCB.

Called Chuck Patton - on the phone - WCB #2, total of 3 calls over past two days no ret. call.

Submitted Branch Plan of Activities for making goal of \$3.2m I Aff. Funds in 4 mos. - Aug -Nov. Ni received.

Called WHGC (Kevin Burke) on Sep. 30 date - left vmail on tel.

Mary Goldstein - Sell Toyota Brand (+ 5000 profit) put it into balanced fund - pred. bonds -BINBX.

9/10/02 - Tuesday

Chuck Patton/Frank Rizzo on 2003 Budget. First attempt to send to CP - blocked - message services not avail. (0900 +).

Second attempt at 0941 - successful - 2003 Budget at CP - will get back if any questions.

Regional Conference Call 1100 - TO REVIEW IAS 200 FIN. ADV. COMP. PLAN - prep. for 9/12/02 4:15 p.m. BUS. TV. briefing by Bruce Alonzo on [?] subject.

John Pyndus - head of insurance - in doing mkt. timing in external annuities - said he is going down two paths - one - CPL/INS to meet and discuss - two-work something out with carriers that makes it doable without blowing - up sub accounts (ala 3rd Ave.). Will be OK on having us explore program with ins. carriers - keep him posted - some have particular sentiments (e.g. Manulife). Suggested CO'D would follow-up to describe on a list of 6 carriers or so that he clears and we can have further conversation with the carriers.

Mark Schiedler - MDCDX - for [J_B_?] [_?_] MMKT Bal. - will call tomorrow.

10/10/02 - Thursday

Bob Palleschi - meet 2 p.m. - NYC - with CO'D to discuss mkt. timing deals with m.fund and market times 20/IT. (Tony Naccarelli, Paul Brandon - John Pyndus never showed) (see notes).

Emails to Debra D'Ambrosio in Bloomberg acct. closed out for CO'D - billed us for 4 months after term (4/02) at 1400 + a mo. and 8000 + for close out when it should have been, according to Bloomburg + MS estimate - half the amt. about 4000. ALSO, my email of 8/26 to DD'A said DO NOT PAY BILL UNTIL RESOLVED. However, they still went ahead and paid it. A series of emails today attempting to rectify. [M___?___] tomorrow.

10/31/02 - Thursday

(**In margin**) [_?_] amts. for FAs.

FA Meeting 0830

- 1) Reg. Conf. Call (discussion on [_?_] of Br.)
- 2) Holiday Party 12/12/02 5:30-8:30 WCC. In conjunction with Wh. Pl. Br.
- 3) New RMD "unified" table for calc. RMDs.
- 4) Ret. Plan not [__?__] on new max. amounts
- 5) FA Brochures.

Call to Bill O'Meara on new account for Exmoor Ltd. c/o Millenium Partners LLC. OK to approve - Millenium a hedge fund - does frequently - had the issue brought up before its [_?_] (12316).

Ida May on RMD - will send form - calc. amt. from new RMD unified table.

Jack Mace - Sell 1900 QQQ, 500 CSCO - proceed with money market.

1/15/03 (page 2) cont'd

personality conflict with new BM (Carlos Viella) was basis for departure. Briefed Rob LOP on background checks - said to email Bill McMahon - update him on process and request OK to hire. - SENT EMAIL.

Bob Palleschi on Chas. Schwabb account for CO'D on accessing N-Ld. Mutual Funds - did not have Bus. Plan - e-mailed it to him - will review and get back - HOWEVER, he believes the whole issue of mkt. timers is a hot button item - policy comm. set-up and meeting led to Ins. letter - more to come - attempting to develop policy and definition - being driven by product types - RECOMMENDS - we hold off moving on Schwabb model until we see what comes out on Policy Comm. - AGREED with Bob - briefed CO'D - we are on HOLD - Informed RCO.

Kendrea

<u>3/11/03 - Tuesday</u>

Meeting with Sam Turvey, Bob Palleschi, C'OD, J. Doolan and myself at NYC Cpl. office to discuss CO'Ds M. Timing program – after reviewing the activity, ST made it very clear that a policy was going to be coming out shortly that would put a stop to this type of activity. Only item that he would "think about" was the possibility of some form of transition for CO'D because of the impact on his earnings that this was going to cause. He promised to get back to us. Meeting ended on a good note.